

PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - NORTHERN PROVINCE

SECOND TERM EXAMINATION-2018

	CIVIC EDUCATION.	
NDEX NO	Grade 10	Time 3 hours

•	 Answer all questions Select the most appropriate answer from the answers (1),(2),(3),(4). Mark (x) in the box relevant to each question in the provided paper. 			
		Part 1		
01.	"Democracy provides rights for e	everybody as a tool of gove	ernance " who said this statement.	
	1. Garner 2. Abraham Linc	oln 3. Sealer	4. Laski	
02.	The country ,Which consist singl	e party system		
	1. Sri Lanka 2. Britain	3. United State of	3. United State of America 4. Cuba	
03.	3. According to the constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, polling		epublic of Sri Lanka, polling	
	Divisions are divided by			
	1. Electoral department	2. Demarcation	2. Demarcation Commission	
	3. District secretariat	4. Department	for Registration of persons	
04.	04. "In simple terms freedom is the opportunity for developing one's personality sans		one's personality sans	
	External resistance" who said this	3?		
	1. G.D.H. Cole 2. J. Laski	3. Ivor Jennings	4. Garner	
05. The political thinker who was the reason for		reason for strengthened the	e Nation state	
	1. Professor Garner	2. Thomas Hobbs		
	3. C.F Strong	4. A.V Dicey		
06.	·		nments	
	1. Unitary 2. Democratic ru	ıle 3. Cruel rule	4. Federal	
07.	The universal declaration of human rights was proclaimed by the United Nation General			
	Assembly on.	-		
	1. 1958 December 10th	2. 1968 Novembe	r 10th	

08. Number of electoral districts in Sri Lanka is

1. 25 2. 14 3. 22 4. 21

09. The state in which an individual is allowed to fulfill political, economic, social needs can be Called

4. 1947 December 10th

1. Rights 2. Freedom 3. Democracy 4. Voting rights

3. 1948 December 10th

10.	The basic law of	f a country is the		
	1. common law	2. Criminal law	3. Civil law	4. Constitutional law
11.	"The state is an	organization established	by the people to live ha	appily and honorably" this
	statement belong	gs to		
	1. Aristotle	2. J. Laski	3. Ivor Jennings	4. Garner
12.	In Britain, the no	ominal executive is		
	1. President	2. Prime minister	3. The king	4. The speaker
13.	The opportunity	for the government to o	btain the participation o	of the people in
	Administrative functions in the democratic society is			
	1. Voting power	r 2. Very higher power	3. Autonomous power	4. Constitutional power
14.	First national st	ates commenced in Euro	ppe are	
	1. Spain, Italy	2. England, France	3. England, Germany	4. Holland ,Portuguese
15.	The assignment	of the executive powers	vested in the central go	vernment to local
	government bodi	es is considered as		
	1. Devolution of	f power	2. Decentralization	
	3 .Establishmen	t of power	4. Federal system	
16.	If the authorized	l power has been agglom	erated in one central au	thorized institute however
	It is called			
	1. Unitary state	2. Democratic rule	3. Cruel rule	4. Federal rule
17.	In India federal	states are called by		
	1. District	2. Province	3. States	4. Municipal council
18.	The manner in w	which decentralization of	power had taken place	during the British rule can
	be identified by	the act on municipal co	uncils in	
	1. 1866	2. 1871	3. 1815	4. 1865
19.	In Sri Lanka the	appointment of the gove	ernor is done by the	
1. Attorney general 2. Prime minister		2. Prime minister		
	3. President		4. Chief minister	
20.	At present how	many states in united sta	tes of America.	
	1. 13	2. 18	3. 55	4. 50
21.	The provincial c	ouncil should consist of	a chief minister and a b	oard of ministers are
	1.4	2. 3	3. 5	4. 6
22.	Federal system i	n Switzerland if a proble	em occurred in the exec	ution of power, who has the
	Power to settle i	t.		
	1. National cour	ncil	2. Federal assembly	
	3. Federal board		4. Canton court	

23.	Devolution of power of the central government, according to the federal constitution of the		
	United states of America are		
	1. Imposition of taxes and foreign trade 2. Education and Health		lth
	3. Local government and highways	4. Housing and const	ruction
24.	The state based on the concept of one state for one nation is		
	1. The state of Tribe	2. Provincial government	nent
	3. Central government	4. Nation state	
25.	In Sri Lanka which province consist more districts		
	1. Central province	2. Northern province	
	3. Southern province	4. Eastern province	
26.	The kingdom of India in the sixth century	ry B.C the rule of Aria	n tribes can be seen in
	1. Vajji 2. Kosala	3. Avanthi	4. Mahadha
27.	27. Power that can be equally exercised by both central government and provincial		t and provincial
	Council in Sri Lanka are denoted		
	1. denoted into list 1	2. Denoted into list 1	11
	3. denoted into list 11	4. All the above answ	vers
28.	Which Is not the authority originated b	red by decentralization of power in 1987	
	1. Municipal council	2. Divisional council	
	3. Village council	4. Urban council	
29.	It is a process of deciding government I	policies and implementing	ng them
	1. cruel government	2. Federal rule	
	3. good governance	4. Unitary rule	
30. "Culture is the collective name that can be given to all behavior patterns required		r patterns required socially,	
	By means of symbols or inheritance" v	vho said this	
	1. T.B. Tyler 2. A. Elwood	3. E.T Healer	4. Garner
31.	The country which has not consists multiple 1. Sri Lanka 2. India	Iticultural society 3. Switzerland	4. Israel
32.			
	1. Arrival of Panduwasdeva and retinue		
	2. Arrival of Sena- Guttika3. The invasion by Pandu-parinda and r	retinue	
	4. The Kalinka Maaha's invation	ctifide	
33.	Powers of cantons in Switzerland		
	1. foreign affairs		
	2. Education and higher education		
3. communication post and telecommunication			
	4. Defense and military affairs		

34.	Head of the Divisional Council is		
	1. Mayor 2. Secretary	3. Chief minister	4. Chairman
35.	The feudal system existed in Europe		
	1. 10 th century A.D up to 15 th century	A.D	
	2. 5 th century A.D up to 15 th century	A.D	
	3. After 15 th century A.D		
	4. 15 th century A.D up to 20 th century	A.D	
36.	The revolution that took place in 168	8 A.D	
	1. French revolution	2. Russian revolution	l
	3. English revolution	4. Chinese revolution	1
37.	The mother land of modern democra	cy is	
	1. Greek 2. England	3. India	4. France
38.	Main basic characteristics evident in	a state are	
	1. Population, Legislature	2. Government, Auto	onomous power
	3. Land, Judiciary 4. Judiciary, Legislature		ure
39.	9. The agent which converts the wish of the state or the people into policies and implements		
	Them		
	1. state 2. President	3. Prime minister	4. The government
40.	The constitution which provide university	ersal Franchise in Sri Lar	ıka
	1. Cole Brooke 2. Donoughmore	3. Soulbury	4. 1 st republic constitution
		Part 11	
•	Question 1 is compulsory. Ans	wer 1 st question and	any four questions .
	(I) Mention two groups, who were	not allowed to participate	in governance in Greek.
	(II) Mention two types of democratic governance.		
	(III) Mention two categorized of state.		
	(IV) Mention two main responsibilities of the citizen.		
	(V) Give the definition for unitary state.		
	(VI) Mention two qualities, a federal	states should possess for	it effective existence.

(VIII)Mention two features that illustrate the supremacy of law.

(VII) Mention two main categories of a good governance.

- (IX) Mention two institutions that consists of the government .
- (X) Mention two characteristics , that a citizen should inculcate for the wellbeing of a multicultural society.

(10x2=20 marks)

- 02. (I) Write two problems arising out of implementing direct democracy at present.
 - (II)Write three features of a free and fair election.
 - (III)Write three features of democratic government, and briefly explain one of them.

(2+3+5=10 marks)

- 03. (I) Mention two nature of the state.
 - (II)Mention three main features of a nation state .
 - (III)Mention three reasons behind the origin of nation states and explain one of them

(2+3+5=10 marks)

- 04. (I) Mention two features of a parliamentary government.
 - (II) Mention three special features of the presidential government.
 - (III)Mention three factors required for the success of democratic governance and Explain one of them

(2+3+5=10 marks)

- 05. (I) Mention two common characteristics of a Unitary state.
 - (II)Mention three benefits of a federal government.
 - (III) Mention three attempts to decentralize power after independence and explain one Of them.

(2+3+5=10 marks)

- 06. (I) Mention two institutions of organizational structure of a provincial council.
 - (II)Mention three powers and functions of governor of the province.
 - (III)The powers have been classified into three lists according to the 13th amendment to the 1978 constitution, Give three and explain one of them

(2+3+5=10 marks)

- 07. (I) Write two basic features of a multicultural society.
 - (II)Write three benefits that gained through the people of a multicultural society Acting cohesively.
 - (III)Mention three factors that influenced in Sri Lanka for the existence of a multicultural Society, explain one of them

(2+3+5=10 marks)